

**Итоговая контрольная работа по английскому языку
2017 – 2018 учебный год
5-е классы
Демонстрационный вариант.
Reading.**

I. Read the text, choose the title for it out of three given below.

- 1) Own favourite food.
- 2) The hot dog.
- 3) A sensation.

New words:

dish – блюдо

frankfurter – сосиска (амер.)

dachshund – такса

sausage – сосиска

especially – особенно

tank – специальный резервуар для жидкости

row – ряд

People of different countries have their own favourite food. You already know some interesting things about traditional Russian and English dishes. Here are some facts about a thing that has become popular all over the world.

Have you ever eaten hot dogs? Do you like them?

Hot dogs came to Russia from America. But its home country is Germany.

In its home country people called this food frankfurter, after Frankfurt, a German city. Frankfurters first appeared in the United States in 1860. Americans called frankfurters “dachshund sausages”. A dachshund is a dog from Germany with a very long body and short legs. “Dachshund sausage” was a good name for the frankfurter. Dachshund sausages first became popular in New York, especially at baseball games. Their sellers kept them warm in hot-water tanks. As they walked up and down the rows of people, they shouted “Get your dachshund sausages! Get your dachshund sausages!” People bought the sausages and put them on buns, special kind of bread. One day in 1906 a newspaper cartoonist Ted Dorgan went to see a baseball game. When he saw the men selling the dachshund sausages, he got an idea for a cartoon. The next day at the newspaper office he drew a bun with a dachshund in it – not a dachshund sausage, but a dachshund. Dorgan didn’t know how to spell dachshund. So, under the cartoon, he wrote “Get your hot dogs!”

The cartoon was a sensation, and so was a new name. If you go to a baseball game today, you can still see sellers walking around with hot-water tanks, As they walk up and down the rows they shout “Get your hot-dogs here! Get your hot-dogs here!”

II. Choose “True”, “False” or “Don’t Know”.

1. A frankfurter and a hot dog is just one and the same thing.
2. Hot dogs came from Russia to the USA.
3. Dachshunds like to eat sausages.
4. Ted Dorgan created a special kind of bread for hot dogs.
5. The new name was a sensation.

Use of English.

I Write a more general word.

1. Bed, wardrobe, table - ___
2. Baker, nurse, typist - ___
3. Sunday, Monday, Tuesday - ___
4. Dancing, sport, music - ___

II Complete the text using the words and combinations below.

A return ticket, arrivals, by train, fast trains, departures, slow trains, a traveler, information office, booked, travelled (2).

That summer Mary wanted to go to Spain (1) ___. "I have never (2) ___ by (3) ___. I have always (4) ___ by (5) ___. This time I am going to change this. After all I have been (6) ___ for many years," she thought. So, she went to the (7) ___ to find out about the train (8) ___ and (9) ___. She (10) ___ (11) ___ for Wednesday and went home.

III Open the brackets. Use passive voice.

1. The letter (send) ___ yesterday.
2. Fresh vegetables (buy) ___ every day.
3. The pictures (paint) ___ in 1890.
4. Moscow usually (visit) ___ by a lot of tourists.

IV Fill in the articles where necessary.

(1)___ United Kingdom is situated on (2) ___ British Isles which are separated from (3) ___ Continent by (4) ___ English Channel and (5) ___ Straits of Dover. (6) ___ two main islands of (7) ___ British Isles are (8) ___ Great Britain (9) ___ Ireland. (10) ___ England is situated in (11) ___ south of (12) ___ Great Britain and (13) ___ Scotland in its (14) ___ north. (15) ___ two big islands are separated by (16) ___ Irish Sea.

V Open the brackets. Use the right tense.

It was a bright day with no wind. Andy (1. start) down to the library (2. get) a book about lions. "I (3. not read) a real book about dangerous animals yet," (4. think) Andy. So he (5. take) the book home and (6. read) and (7. read). Just before supper his grandfather (8. tell) him some stories about hunting lions. While Andy (9. listen) to his grandpa he (10. fall) asleep. In his dream he (11. see) many lions.

Keys

Reading

I 2)

II

1. True
2. False
3. Don't know
4. False
5. True

Use of English

- I. 1.furniture
2.professions
3.weekdays
4.hobbies
- II. 1.by train, 2. travelled, 3. fast trains, 4. travelled, 5. slow trains, 6. a traveller, 7. information office, 8. arrivals, 9. departures, 10. booked, 11. a return ticket.
- III. 1. was sent
2. are bought
3. were painted
4. is visited
- IV. 1. the 2. the 3. the 4. the 5. the 6. the 7. the 8. – 9. – 10. – 11. the 12. – 13. – 14. – 15. the 16. the.
- V. 1. started
2. to get
3. have not read
4. thought
5. took
6. read
7. read
8. told
9. was listening
10. fell
11. saw